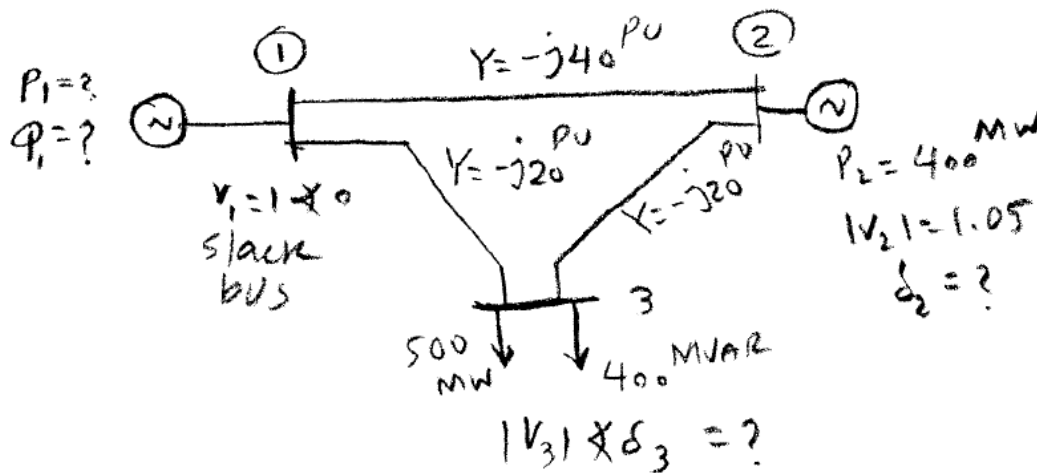


1- For the following system:

- Use the Newton-Raphson method to find voltage angle at bus 2, and the voltage angle and magnitude for bus 3. Also find all the line flows. Start with $V^{(0)}_3 = 1 \angle 0^\circ$ & $\delta^{(0)}_2 = 0$. Use a 100 MVA common power base.
- Use DC-Power Flow and repeat part a.
- Compare and discuss the results of parts 'a' and 'b'.



2-Write a computer program to solve the λ -iteration method using the following steps

- Set an initial value of λ
- Calculate the generated power from each plant that corresponds λ
- Check unit limits. If limit is violated, set limit at lower or maximum values
- Check that the demand against the total generation.
- If generated power is less than demand increase λ and go to step 2
- If generated power is more than demand decrease λ and go to step 2

Check your program with the following plant data.

The fuel-cost characteristics of the units are given by

$$C_1(P_{G1}) = 300 + 8.0P_{G1} + 0.0015P_{G1}^2$$

$$C_2(P_{G2}) = 450 + 8.0P_{G2} + 0.0005P_{G2}^2$$

$$C_2(P_{G3}) = 700 + 7.5P_{G3} + 0.0010P_{G3}^2$$

The generator limits are

$$320 \text{ MW} \leq P_{G1} \leq 800 \text{ MW}$$

$$300 \text{ MW} \leq P_{G2} \leq 1200 \text{ MW}$$

$$275 \text{ MW} \leq P_{G3} \leq 1100 \text{ MW}$$

Find the optimal dispatch for a load $P_D = 2000 \text{ MW}$.